

نموذج **1** لمادتي الرياضيات والعلوم باللغة الإنجليزية **للصف الرابع الابتدائي** الفصل الدراسي الأول



	<u>N</u>	<u>/lodel (1)</u>		
cience				
Cars frames are mad	le of element			
a-copper b-	iron c- sulpher	d-carbon		
2-Earth rotates around	sun once every			
a-12 hours b-d	ay c-month d-	$365\frac{1}{4}$ days		
3-From measuring too	Is of length are			
a-graduated Ruler	b-sensitive balance c-g	graduated cylinder d-	common balance	
1-Changing of matter f	from solid to liquid state is	called		
a-condensation b	-evaporation c-melt	ing d-freezing		
Maths	0 = 100000 ×			
		c) 600	4) 3000	ZI.
a) 6	b) 60	C) 000	d) 3000	
2 The sum of a	measures of the interio	r angles of any triang	rle =	
a) 90	b) 120	c) 150	d) 180	
- /				
3. 50 m ² =	cm ²			
a) 500	b) 5000	c) 50 000	d) 500.000	
	3 and 6 is			
a) 1	b) 3	c) 4	d) 6	
5. 6 millions, 4	0 =			
a) 6 000 04		c) 60 040	d) 6 400 000	
20000000				
6. The number	is a	multiple of 8		
a) 12	b) 24	c) 28	d) 818	
7 7	26 in divinible by beat			
	36 is divisible by both			
a) 7,9	b) 2, 3	c) 2, 5	d) 3, 5	



نموذج **2** لمادتي الرياضيات والعلوم باللغة الإنجليزية **للصف الرابع الابتدائي** الفصل الدراسي الأول



			Model (2)		
- One	e examples of the liqu	uid metals is			
A-Iron	B-Hydrogen	C-Mercury	D-Bromine		_
2-The t	two closest plants to e	earth are			
A-Mer	cury& Venus B-Ve	enus &Mars C-Jup	iter & Saturn D-Sat	urn & Neptune	
3-All th	he following are physi	cal changes except:			
			-Melting of wax D	-Rotten of fruits	
				Notes of Irales	
		iids volume is			
A-liter	B-centime	eter C-gram	D-Kilogram		
					J
Math					1
1.		ls of a rhombus are			
	a) perpendicula				<i>-</i>
	a) perpendicula c) not perpendicu				
2.	c) not perpendicu		l in length		<i>"</i>
2.	c) not perpendicu	ular d) equal the number 654 3	l in length	d) 600 000	
	c) not perpendicular. The value of 6 in a) 600	the number 654 33 b) 6000	l in length 21 is c) 60 000	d) 600 000	
	c) not perpendicular. The value of 6 in a) 600 1 000 625 - 625	ular d) equal the number 654 32 b) 6000	l in length 21 is		
	c) not perpendicular. The value of 6 in a) 600	the number 654 33 b) 6000	l in length 21 is c) 60 000	d) 600 000 d) 1 000 000	
3.	c) not perpendicular. The value of 6 in a) 600 1 000 625 - 625 = a) 1000	ular d) equal the number 654 33 b) 6000 = b) 10 000	l in length 21 is	d) 1 000 000	
3.	c) not perpendicular. The value of 6 in a) 600 1 000 625 - 625 = a) 1000	ular d) equal the number 654 33 b) 6000 = b) 10 000	l in length 21 is	d) 1 000 000	
3.	c) not perpendicular. The value of 6 in a) 600 1 000 625 - 625 = a) 1000 The largest numbers	the number 654 33 b) 6000 b) 10 000 er formed from the	l in length 21 is c) 60 000 c) 100 000 ne digits 7, 4, 3 is	d) 1 000 000	
3 .	c) not perpendicular. The value of 6 in a) 600 1 000 625 - 625 a a) 1000 The largest number a) 734 The area of the second control of the second contro	the number 654 33 b) 6000 b) 10 000 er formed from the b) 347	l in length 21 is c) 60 000 c) 100 000 ne digits 7, 4, 3 is	d) 1 000 000 d) 473 	
3 .	c) not perpendicular. The value of 6 in a) 600 1 000 625 - 625 = a) 1000 The largest number a) 734	the number 654 33 b) 6000 b) 10 000 er formed from the b) 347	c) 100 000 c) 743	d) 1 000 000 d) 473	
3. 4. 5.	c) not perpendicular The value of 6 in a) 600 1 000 625 - 625 a a) 1000 The largest number a) 734 The area of the sea a) 4	the number 654 33 b) 6000 b) 10 000 cer formed from the b) 347 quare whose side I b) 8	l in length 21 is	d) 1 000 000 d) 473 	
3. 4. 5.	c) not perpendicular The value of 6 in a) 600 1 000 625 - 625 a a) 1000 The largest number a) 734 The area of the sea a) 4 The smallest prince	the number 654 33 b) 6000 b) 10 000 cer formed from the b) 347 quare whose side I b) 8 ne number is	c) 100 000 c) 100 000 de digits 7, 4, 3 is c) 743 length is 4 cm = c) 16	d) 1 000 000 d) 473 cm ² .	
3. 4. 5.	c) not perpendicular The value of 6 in a) 600 1 000 625 - 625 a a) 1000 The largest number a) 734 The area of the sea a) 4	the number 654 33 b) 6000 b) 10 000 cer formed from the b) 347 quare whose side I b) 8	l in length 21 is	d) 1 000 000 d) 473 	
3.4.5.6.	c) not perpendicular The value of 6 in a) 600 1 000 625 - 625 a) 1000 The largest number a) 734 The area of the sea a) 4 The smallest print a) Zero	the number 654 33 b) 6000 b) 10 000 cer formed from the b) 347 quare whose side I b) 8 ne number is	c) 100 000 c) 100 000 de digits 7, 4, 3 is c) 743 length is 4 cm = c) 16	d) 1 000 000 d) 473 cm ² .	
3.4.5.6.	c) not perpendicular The value of 6 in a) 600 1 000 625 - 625 a) 1000 The largest number a) 734 The area of the sea a) 4 The smallest print a) Zero	the number 654 33 b) 6000 b) 10 000 er formed from the b) 347 quare whose side I b) 8 ne number is	c) 100 000 c) 100 000 de digits 7, 4, 3 is c) 743 length is 4 cm = c) 16	d) 1 000 000 d) 473 cm ² .	







نموذج **3** لمادتي الرياضيات والعلوم باللغة الإنجليزية **للصف الرابع الابتدائي** الفصل الدراسي الأول



		Model (3)									
1-Status and coins are made up of											
A-Aluminum E	3-Copper C-Carbon	D-Iron									
2-The cold planet is planet											
A-Earth B-N	lars C-Uranus	D-Neptune									
3-Matter can become pressed in the case of state(s)											
A-Solid B-Liqu	uid <u>C-Gas</u>	D-Solid and liquid									
4-Graduated cylinder contains 100m³ of water, when we put a stone in the jar the level of water rises up to 120cm³, so the stone volume equals											
A-220cm ³	B-120cm ³	C-100 ³ D-20cm ³									
a) 25	b) 40	ctangle =	° d) 90								
2. 70000 m. = . a) 7	b) 70	c) 7000	d) 70 000								
3. The number 5 million, 123 thousand, 450 is written as											
a) 5 450 123	b) 545 136	c) 5 123 450	d) 4 501 237								
4. The common factor of all numbers is											
a) zero	b) 1	c) 2	d) 3								
5. If the lengths of the two sides of an isosceles triangle are 1 cm and 3 cm, the length of the third side =											
a) 1	b) 3	c) 5	d) 6								
6. The L.C.M. o	f 5 and 3 is										
a) 8	b) 12	c) 15	d) 30								
7. 4000 ÷ 25 =											
a) 100	b) 200	c) 300	d) 160								

